

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a liquid crystal display panel displaying an image; and  
a light shutter on the liquid crystal display panel operable to transmit or and  
shut off a light emitted from the liquid crystal display panel.

Claim 2 (Original): The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein  
the light shutter includes,

a liquid crystal between two glass substrates, and  
a plurality of electrodes on the two glass substrates to drive the liquid crystal.

Claim 3 (Original): The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein  
the light shutter have a polarizer to transmit a linearly polarized light.

Claim 4 (Original): The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein  
the liquid crystal display panel and the light shutter are bonded with each other and  
have a polarizer therebetween.

Claim 5 (Original): The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein  
the liquid crystal display panel and the light shutter are bonded to a single glass  
substrate.

Claim 6 (Original): The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, further comprising a backlight irradiating a light toward the liquid crystal display panel.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): An apparatus for driving a liquid crystal display, comprising:

a liquid crystal display panel displaying an image;  
a light shutter on the liquid crystal display panel operable to transmit or and shut off a light emitted from the liquid crystal display panel;  
a controller generating a shutter control signal to open or close the light shutter; and  
a light shutter driver responding to the shutter control signal to drive the light shutter.

Claim 8 (Original) The apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the shutter control signal has an inverse polarity after video data having an inverse polarity are applied to the liquid crystal display panel.

Claim 9 (Original): The apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the shutter control signal is a pulse signal having a first logical value turning on the light shutter and a second logical value turning off the light shutter.

Claim 10 (Original): The apparatus according to claim 7, further comprising,  
a data driver connected to a plurality of data lines of the liquid crystal display  
panel to apply video data to the data lines, and  
a gate driver connected to a plurality of gate lines of the liquid crystal display  
panel to apply a scanning signal to the gate lines.

Claim 11 (Original): The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the data driver is  
connected to the controller that generates the video data and a dot clock and controls  
the data driver, and the gate driver is connected to the controller that generates a gate  
start pulse allowing the scanning signal to be sequentially generated and controls the  
gate driver.

Claim 12 (Original): The apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the shutter control  
signal has a first logical value in an initial field interval when video data are applied to  
the liquid crystal display panel and has a second logical value in a time interval when  
the video data are maintained at the liquid crystal display panel.

Claim 13 (Original): A method of driving a liquid crystal display having a

light shutter on a the liquid crystal display panel, comprising:

supplying video data to a liquid crystal display panel; and

opening the light shutter at an initial interval applying the video data and

closing the light shutter in a maintenance interval maintaining the video data to shut

off a light from the liquid crystal display panel.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 13, further

comprising:

applying a shutter control signal having a first logical value in an initial initial

field interval when the video data are applied to the liquid crystal display panel, and a

second logical value in a time interval when the video data are maintained at the liquid

crystal display panel.